

Zadanie 1. Przeczytaj tekst a następnie zapisz w zeszyte nowe słówka.



What do you picture when you hear about education in Great Britain? Is it Harry Potter's school with its dark atmosphere, strange rituals and crazy teachers? Well, the reality is not so magical.

TYPES OF SCHOOLS

The British education system consists of several types of school; when children are 3 or 4, they start nursery school. Then, at the age of 5 they go to primary school. ¹ ². Young people have to attend school until they are 18 when it's time to decide if they want to stop their education and go to work, or go on to study.

UNIFORMS

In primary and secondary school uniforms are compulsory. Each school has their own uniform: they differ in colours and emblems. Practically, the school uniform consists of a white shirt, a tie, a pair of trousers for boys or a skirt for girls. ² ³. The uniform is not complete without a jumper or a blazer with the school emblem on it.

A TYPICAL DAY

Students attend school from Monday to Friday, mainly between 8.45–15.15. School starts with class registration. Twice a week there is a school assembly where students sing the school hymn or pray. ³ ⁴. There is a lunch one in the middle of the day, which lasts around 40 minutes, and two shorter 15-minute

ones: in the morning and in the afternoon. After school, students go to artistic or sports clubs that are not compulsory: hockey, trampoline, cross-country running, and others.

DISCIPLINE

If you break the school rules, you can naturally expect some form of punishment. Depending on how serious your offence was, you will get a telling-off or the school will send a letter to your parents. Another kind of punishment is detention, which means that you have to stay at school after classes are over. ⁴ ⁵.

So, now that you've learnt a few things about the British school, do you think that schools in Poland are better or worse? How similar / different are the

GLOSSARY

- assembly – apel
- attend school – uczęszczać/chodzić do szkoły
- compulsory – obowiązkowy, przymusowy
- (get) a detention – musieć za karę zostać po lekcjach
- emblem – godło, symbol
- exclude from school – skreślić z listy uczniów
- get a telling-off – być upomnianym (przez nauczyciela)
- punishment – kara
- (class) registration – sprawdzanie dziennika

Zadanie 2. W oparciu o przeczytany tekst wykonaj w zeszycie następujące zadania.



Przeczytaj artykuł o szkolnictwie w Wielkiej Brytanii, z którego usunięto cztery zdania. W zeszycie dopasuj zdania do luk, tak aby otrzymać logiczny tekst. Jedno zdanie zostało podane dodatkowo.

- A During the school day there are usually three breaks.
- B During breaks, primary school students mustn't wear uniforms.
- C When they are 11, it's time to start secondary education.
- D Eventually, if you keep behaving badly, you may be excluded from school.
- E Some girls like to wear knee high socks.



Przeczytaj ponownie artykuł i w zeszycie uzupełnij luki w zdaniach zgodnie z treścią tekstu.

- 1 Children begin their education after ?.
- 2 At 18 you can choose ? or finish it and go to work.
- 3 In the UK students must dress in ?.
- 4 At the beginning of the school day in the UK, the teacher ?.
- 5 The lunch break is ? the other two breaks.
- 6 When the lessons are over, there are optional ?.
- 7 There are different kinds of ? when you are naughty at school.

Odpowiedzi do zadań w formie załączników (pliki w formacie word lub zdjęcia wykonanych zadań z zeszytu z odpowiedziami itp.) proszę kierować na e-mail **angielski.spskrwilno@wp.pl** (do piątku 17.04.2020 r.). W przypadku pytań lub wątpliwości również można się kontaktować poprzez wyżej wymieniony e-mail lub bezpośrednio na mój Messenger.